Business Teacher Preparation in California: Standards of Quality and Effectiveness for Subject Matter Programs

A Handbook for Teacher Educators & Program Reviewers

2006
(Revised September 2010)
California Commission on Teacher Credentialing

Arnold Schwarzenegger, Governor
State of California

2006

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California Commission on Teacher Credentialing
2004-2006

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Panelists</th>
<th>Educational Organizations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kathie Bennett</td>
<td>Azusa High School</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marcia Bush</td>
<td>Mission Valley Regional Occupational Program (ROP)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MaryKay Davidson</td>
<td>Alta Loma High School</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charles Davis</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
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<td>San Francisco Unified School District</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Donald DeSantis</td>
<td>University of Phoenix - Retired</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stephen Eggert</td>
<td>Fountain Valley High School</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kathleen Harcharik</td>
<td>California Polytechnic University, Pomona</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marilyn Johnson</td>
<td>Colton High School</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Richard Lacy</td>
<td>Sid Craig School of Business</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Robert Land</td>
<td>Porterville High School</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kay Orrell</td>
<td>Business Education Resource Consortium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>Riverside County Office of Education ROP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Devery Rodgers</td>
<td>South Gate High School</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rebecca Seher</td>
<td>Los Angeles County Office of Education</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>James Spellicy</td>
<td>Lowell High School</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ellen Welt</td>
<td>Santa Clara County Office of Education</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gary Wiessner</td>
<td>Chatsworth High School</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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Business Teacher Preparation in California: Standards of Quality and Effectiveness for Subject Matter Preparation Programs

Table of Contents

Foreword.................................................................................................................................................. vii

Part 1: Introduction to Subject Matter Program Standards

A. The Commission’s Responsibilities for Program Standards.....................................................1
   1. Overview of Standards for Preliminary Teacher Preparation Programs ..................1
   2. Standards for Subject Matter Preparation for Prospective Teachers ......................2
   3. The Standards Development Process..............................................................................2
      a. Essential Reference Documents Used by Subject Matter Panels ..................3
      b. Field Review of Draft Standards..............................................................................4
      c. Adoption of Standards by the Commission..............................................................4
B. Alignment of Subject Matter Program Standards and Subject Matter Assessments..............4
C. Single Subject Teaching Credentials.....................................................................................5
D. Contacting the Commission.....................................................................................................5

Part 2: Standards of Quality and Effectiveness for the Subject Matter Program in Business

A. Overview and Introduction to the Handbook........................................................................6
   1. Contributions of the Business Advisory Panel..............................................................6
   2. Definitions of Key Terms................................................................................................6
B. The Business Standards..........................................................................................................8
   1. Preconditions for the Approval of Subject Matter Programs in Business.................8
   2. Standards of Quality and Effectiveness for the Subject Matter Program in Business .................................................................9
      a. Standards Common to All Single Subject Matter Preparation Programs ...........9
         Standard 1 Program Design.........................................................................................9
         Standard 2 Program Resources and Support.............................................................9
Part 3: Implementation of Standards of Quality and Effectiveness for Subject Matter Programs in Business

A. Standards Implementation Processes
   1. Process for Cyclical Review and Improvement of Subject Matter Standards
   2. Process for Adoption and Implementation of Standards
   3. Transition and Implementation Timelines for Programs
      a. Program Transition Timeline
      b. Program Implementation Timeline
      c. Implementation Timelines for Candidates
   4. Technical Assistance for Program Sponsors
   5. Process for Review and Approval of Program Documents Submitted to the Commission
      a. Selection, Composition and Training of Program Review Panels
      b. Steps in the Review of Programs

B. Submission Guidelines for Single Subject Matter Program Documents
   1. Transmittal Instructions
   2. Organization of Required Documents
   3. Developing Responses to the Standards
      a. Responses to the Common Standards
      b. Responses to the Program Standards
   4. Packaging a Submission for Shipment to the Commission
   5. Submission Transmittal Cover Sheet Template
Foreword

One of the purposes of education is to enable students to learn the important subjects of the school curriculum so they can further their professional goals and function effectively in work, society and family life. Each year in California, hundreds of students enroll in business classes with teachers who are certified by the Commission on Teacher Credentialing (CTC) to teach those classes in public schools. The extent to which students learn to engage in and utilize business depends substantially on the preparation of their teachers in business and the quality of the teaching of business.

The Commission is the agency of California government that licenses teachers and other professionals who serve in the public schools. As the policymaking body that establishes and maintains standards for the education profession in the state, the Commission is concerned with the quality and effectiveness of the preparation of teachers and other school practitioners. On behalf of the education profession and the general public, the Commission has an important responsibility to establish and implement strong, effective standards of quality for the preparation and assessment of credential candidates.

California teacher candidates are required to demonstrate competence in the subject matter they will be authorized to teach. Candidates for the Single Subject Teaching Credential have two options available for satisfying this requirement: they can either complete a Commission-approved subject matter preparation program, or they can pass the appropriate Commission-adopted subject matter examination(s) (Education Code sections 44280 and 44310). Because they satisfy the same requirement, these two options are to be as aligned and congruent as possible.

However, the substance and relevance of the single subject matter program standards and the validity of examination specifications (i.e., subject matter requirements) is not permanent. The periodic reconsideration of subject matter program standards and the need for periodic examination validity studies are related directly to one of the Commission’s fundamental missions: to provide a strong assurance that teaching credentials issued by the Commission are awarded to individuals who have the knowledge, skills, and abilities that are needed in order to succeed in public school teaching positions in California. Best professional practice related to the program standards and the legal defensibility of the examination specifications require that the standards and specifications be periodically reviewed and rewritten, as job requirements and expectations change over time (Education Code sections 44225i, j, 44257, and 44288).

In the mid-1990s, the Commission developed and adopted standards for single subject matter preparation programs and, at the same time, specifications for the single subject matter examinations. This work was based on the advice of subject matter advisory panels and data from validity studies, and resulted in program standards and examination specifications that were valid and closely aligned with each other. Those subject matter standards and specifications were adopted by the Commission in 1998 and are still in use today. They are now being replaced by the subject matter requirements and single subject matter standards adopted by the Commission in 2006, as presented in this handbook.
The Commission’s responsibility for establishing high standards for teachers is based, in part, on three major pieces of legislation. In 1988, 1992 and 1998 the Legislature and the governor enacted legislation sponsored by the Commission that strengthened the professional role of the Commission and enhanced its authority to establish rigorous standards for the preparation and assessment of prospective teachers. These reform laws were Senate Bills 148 (Chapter 1355, Stats. 1988), 1422 (Chapter 1245, Stats. 1992) and 2042 (Chap. 548, Stats.1998). As a result, the Commission has taken on new responsibilities for establishing and maintaining rigorous levels of quality in teacher preparation and competency for beginning teachers. To implement these three statutes, the CTC has developed new standards, subject matter requirements and other policies collaboratively with representatives of postsecondary institutions, teachers and administrators in public schools, and statewide leaders involved in public education. This work was done in alignment with the State Board-adopted academic content standards and/or frameworks for K-12 students, and, as required by SB 2042 (Chap. 548, Stats.1998), the K-12 student academic content standards are reflected in the Commission’s teacher preparation and subject matter preparation program standards.

The revision of Commission standards pursuant to SB 2042 (Chap. 548, Stats.1998) was undertaken in three phases. Single subject matter advisory panels were established to assist in this important work. The first two phases of single subject matter advisory panels addressed the content areas of English, mathematics, science, social science, art, music, languages other than English, and physical education. These panels completed their work over a two year period from 2001-2003. The third and final phase of single subject matter panels was accomplished in 2004, and addressed the subject areas of agriculture, business, health science, home economics, industrial and technology education, and languages other than English: American Sign Language. The new subject matter standards developed by all of the panels were grounded in and aligned with the academic content standards for California K-12 students.
Part 1: Introduction to Subject Matter Program Standards

A. The Commission’s Responsibility for Program Standards
The Commission fulfills one of its responsibilities to the public and to the profession by developing, adopting and implementing standards of program quality and effectiveness. In the process of upholding high standards for the preparation of teachers, the Commission also respects the considered judgments of educational institutions and professional educators, and holds educators accountable for excellence. The premises and principles outlined below reflect the Commission's approach to fulfilling its responsibilities under the law. The Commission asked the single subject advisory panels to apply these general principles to the development of standards for single subject matter programs.

1) The status of teacher preparation programs in colleges and universities should be determined on the basis of standards that relate to significant aspects of the quality of those programs.
2) There are many ways in which a teacher preparation program could be excellent.
3) The curriculum of teacher preparation plays a central role in a program's quality.
4) Teacher preparation programs should prepare candidates to teach the public school curriculum effectively.
5) In California's public schools, the student population is so diverse that the preparation of educators to teach culturally diverse students cannot be the exclusive responsibility of professional preparation programs in schools of education.
6) The curriculum of a teacher preparation program should be based on an explicit statement of purpose and philosophy. An excellent program also includes student services and policies such as advisement services and admission criteria.
7) The assessment of each student's attainments in a teacher preparation program is a significant responsibility of the institution that offers the program.
8) The Commission’s standards of program quality allow quality to assume different forms in different environments.
9) The Commission's standards of program quality are roughly equivalent in breadth and importance.
10) Whether a particular program fulfills the Commission's standards is a judgment that is made by professionals who have been trained in interpreting the standards.

1. Overview of Standards for Preliminary Teacher Preparation Programs
The standards reforms initiated by SB 2042 (Chap. 548, Stats. 1998) began with the simultaneous development of standards for preliminary teacher preparation programs and for teacher induction programs. The advisory panel appointed by the Commission that developed these two sets of standards was charged with developing the following three policy documents for review and consideration by the Commission:

• New standards of quality and effectiveness for preliminary teacher preparation programs;
• Teaching Performance Expectations that would serve as the basis for evaluating the competence of teacher candidates on teaching performance assessments embedded in preparation programs; and
• New standards of quality and effectiveness for professional teacher induction programs.

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Following their adoption by the Commission in 2001, these three sets of standards initiated structural changes in the teacher credentialing system, as follows:

- alignment of all teacher preparation standards with the state-adopted academic content standards and performance levels for K-12 students, and with the California Standards for the Teaching Profession (CSTP);
- inclusion of a teaching performance assessment in preliminary multiple and single subject teacher preparation programs; and
- a required induction period of support and formative assessment for all first and second year multiple and single subject teachers.

In addition to these structural and thematic shifts in the Commission’s credentialing system and standards, SB 2042 (Chap. 548, Stats. 1998) replaced the Professional Clear Credential course requirements in health, mainstreaming and technology with a requirement that essential preparation in these three areas be addressed in both the preparation and the induction standards. Follow-up legislation in 1999, AB 1059 (Chap. 711, Stats. 1999) required that new standards for preparation and induction programs include preparation for all teachers to teach English learners in mainstream classrooms. The subject matter standards in this handbook have been designed to complement the SB 2042 standards for programs of pedagogical preparation.

2. Standards for Subject Matter Preparation Programs for Prospective Teachers

In California, subject matter preparation programs for prospective teachers are not the same as undergraduate degree programs. Postsecondary institutions govern academic programs that lead to the awarding of degrees, including baccalaureate degrees in business, whereas the Commission sets standards for academic programs that lead to the issuance of credentials, including the Single Subject Teaching Credential in Business. An applicant for a teaching credential must have earned a Bachelor’s degree from an accredited institution, but the degree may be in a subject other than the one to appear on the credential. Similarly, degree programs for undergraduate students in business may or may not fulfill the Commission's standards for subject matter preparation. Single subject candidates who complete an approved subject matter program that satisfies the standards meet the subject matter requirement to qualify for the Single Subject Credential in Business.

3. The Standards Development Process

The Commission’s process for standards development includes the establishment of advisory panels that develop and recommend program standards to the Commission. As this process was applied to the development of subject matter program standards, each panel consisted of:

- Classroom teachers of the subject area
- Subject area specialists in school districts, county offices of education, and postsecondary institutions
- Professors in the subject area teaching in subject matter preparation programs
- Teacher educators
- Members of relevant professional organizations
- Members of other relevant committees and advisory panels
- A liaison from the California Department of Education.
During the third phase of standards development, twelve panel members were appointed to the Agriculture Panel; twelve members were appointed to the Languages Other than English: American Sign Language Panel; eighteen members were appointed to the Business Panel; thirteen members were appointed to the Health Science Panel; fourteen members were appointed to the Home Economics Panel; and fourteen members were appointed to the Industrial and Technology Education Panel. These panels began their work in 2004 with a written charge that described their responsibilities for identifying the subject-specific knowledge, skills, and abilities (SMRs) which form the basis of the content required in Commission-approved subject matter preparation programs for teacher candidates. The SMRs for each of these content areas were approved by the Commission at its January 2005 meeting.

a. Essential Reference Documents for Subject Matter Panels

The subject matter panels used a number of documents as primary resource references for their work. The documents listed below were essential for the phase three panels’ use in developing the draft program standards that were subsequently adopted by the Commission.

- The draft academic content standards for K-12 students and/or frameworks approved by the California State Board of Education (2005)
- The Commission-approved (1996) Standards of Quality and Effectiveness for Subject Matter Programs in Agriculture, Languages Other Than English, Business, Health Science, Home Economics, and Industrial and Technology Education and Handbooks for Teacher Educators and Program Reviewers in each of the academic areas (1999)
- The Standards of Program Quality and Effectiveness for the Subject Matter Requirements for the Multiple Subject Teaching Credential (Sept. 2001)
- The Standards of Quality and Effectiveness for Preliminary Teacher Preparation Programs (Sept. 2001, revised 2003)
- The national subject matter standards for agriculture, languages other than English: American Sign Language, business, health science, home economics, and industrial and technology education
- Other important state and national studies and publications relevant to the subject areas.

The State Board-adopted K-12 student academic content standards and/or frameworks were the central documents used by the panels. In 2002, the first phase of subject matter advisory panels had identified six standards contained within the 1992 standards documents that were common to all of the subject matter standards, and had added several additional standards based on the SB 2042 reform (Chap. 578, Stats. 1998). This process resulted in the development and approval by the Commission of ten standards “common to all” programs that were incorporated within the specific program standards for each of the single subject area standards developed in phase three. In 2010 the ten Standards Common to All were revised and replaced with two Standards Common to All.
The Subject Matter Requirements for the Multiple Subject Teaching Credential was also an important document used by the panels. In some cases the multiple subject standards language and the organization of the standards were incorporated by the panels. The standards of the national professional organizations also served as a guide and provided a comprehensive perspective for panel members.

b. Field Review of Draft Standards
The single subject matter standards developed by the phase three advisory panels and subsequently adopted by the Commission were formatted to align with the SB 2042 teacher preparation. In this new format the broad conceptual standard is presented, followed by Program Guidance for the standard which further articulates the concepts contained within the standard.

Early in 2004 the Commission conducted a field review of the draft single subject matter standards. The draft standards were mailed to all deans of education, directors of teacher education programs, and single subject coordinators at all Commission-accredited four-year institutions in California; to learned societies and professional organizations; and to funded subject matter projects, teacher organizations, school districts, and county offices of education. The draft standards were sent as well to over one hundred selected K-12 public school teachers and college/university professors. The standards were also placed on the Commission’s web site with instructions on how to download the standards, complete the field review survey, and return survey responses to the Commission.

Standards review surveys were returned to the Commission by February 2004. Commission staff tallied all responses and listed all comments on a master survey form for each subject matter area. Revisions made by the panels as a result of the field review included providing clarifications and examples, and reorganizing content. Elements that were consistent with the state’s K-12 student academic content standards remained unchanged.

c. Adoption of Standards by the Commission
The revised subject matter standards for all of the phase three subject areas were adopted by the Commission at its meeting of September 2006.

B. Alignment of Subject Matter Program Standards and Subject Matter Assessments
The Teacher Preparation and Licensing Act of 1970 (Ryan Act) established the requirement that candidates for teaching credentials verify their knowledge of the subjects they intend to teach. Candidates for single subject teaching credentials may satisfy this subject matter requirement by completing approved single subject matter programs or by passing subject matter examinations that have been adopted by the Commission. Senate Bill 2042 (Chap. 548, Stats.1998) required that subject matter programs and examinations for prospective teachers be aligned with K-12 student standards and frameworks.

To achieve this alignment and congruence, the Commission asked the subject matter advisory panels to develop subject matter requirements (SMRs) that would be consistent in scope and content with the K-12 standards and frameworks. At the time the Commission adopted the phase three subject matter program standards in 2006, it also adopted the subject matter requirements appended to the standards document. College and university faculty and administrators are urged...
to examine these SMRs as a source of information about essential content that should be included in subject matter preparation programs, as these represent the scope of content on which both the program standards and the subject matter examinations are based and to which the program standards and the examinations are aligned.

Early in 2004, the Commission began the process of developing assessments that were aligned with the K-12 requirements. These assessments are known as the “California Subject Examinations for Teachers (CSET),” and are administered by an external contractor under the Commission’s direction. In the six subject areas, multiple-choice and constructed-response test items were drafted, based on the subject matter requirements. The test items were reviewed by both the Bias Review Committee and the appropriate subject matter advisory panel and revised as necessary. The CSET examinations for the phase three subject areas of agriculture, business, health science, home economics, industrial and technology education, and languages other than English: American Sign Language were first administered in fall 2005, and these assessments replaced the SSAT and Praxis II examinations in these content areas.

C. Single Subject Teaching Credentials
The Single Subject Teaching Credential authorizes an individual to teach classes in that content area in departmentalized settings. The holders of these credentials may teach at any grade level, but the great majority of the classes in these subjects occurs in grades seven through twelve. The Commission asked the subject matter advisory panels to recommend new policies to ensure that future teachers are prepared to instruct in the subject areas most commonly taught in secondary public schools.

D. Contacting the Commission
The Commission periodically reviews and updates its policies, in part on the basis of responses from colleges, universities, school districts, county offices, professional organizations and individual professionals. The Commission welcomes all comments and questions about the standards and other policies in this handbook. For further information, please contact the Commission at the following address:

Commission on Teacher Credentialing
Professional Services Division
1900 Capitol Avenue
Sacramento, California 95814-4213
Part 2: Standards of Quality and Effectiveness for the Subject Matter Program in Business

A. Overview and Introduction to the Handbook
This section of the handbook is organized into three parts. Part 1 of the handbook provides the background and context for the business program standards. Part 2 of the handbook presents the twenty program standards as well as the subject matter requirements for business. Part 3 of the handbook provides information about implementation of the business program standards in California colleges and universities.

1. Contribution of the Business Subject Matter Advisory Panel
The Commission on Teacher Credentialing is indebted to the Business Subject Matter Advisory Panel for the development of the Standards of Quality and Effectiveness for the Subject Matter Program in Business. The Commission believes strongly that the standards in this handbook will improve the teaching and learning of business in California's public schools.

2. Definitions of Key Terms Used in this Handbook
California state law authorizes the California Commission on Teacher Credentialing to set standards and requirements for preparation programs (Education Code sections 44225a, i, j; 44310; and 44311). The following key terms are used in this handbook.

Preconditions
A precondition is a requirement for initial and continued program approval. Unlike standards, preconditions specify requirements for program compliance, not program quality. Commission staff determines whether a program complies with the adopted preconditions on the basis of a program document provided by the college or university. In the program review sequence, a program that meets all preconditions then undergoes a more intensive review to determine if the program's quality meets the Commission's standards.

Standards
Standards are statements of program quality adopted by the Commission on Teacher Credentialing to describe acceptable levels of quality in programs of subject matter study offered by regionally-accredited colleges and universities that award baccalaureate degrees. Each standard is elaborated by “Program Guidance” for that standard. Programs must meet all of the applicable standards for both initial and continuing approval of a subject matter program by the Commission. The Commission determines whether a program satisfies a standard on the basis of an intensive review of all available information provided by the program sponsor related to the standard.

Program Guidance
Program guidance is provided for each standard to help institutions in developing programs that meet the standards, and are also used by program review panels in judging the quality of a program in relation to a given standard. Within the overall scope of a standard, Program Guidance identifies what the Commission believes are the important dimensions of program quality with respect to each standard. In determining whether a program fulfills a given
standard, the review panel considers the information provided by the program in response to each statement of that standard. When the review panel finds that a program has met each standard, the program is then recommended to the Commission for approval.
B. The Business Standards

1. Preconditions for the Approval of Subject Matter Programs in Business

To be approved by the Commission, a Subject Matter Program in Business must comply with the following preconditions.

(1) Each program of subject matter preparation for the Single Subject Teaching Credential in Business shall include (a) a minimum of 30 semester units (or 45 quarter units) of core coursework in business and related subjects that are commonly taught in departmentalized classes in California public schools, and (b) a minimum of 15 semester units (or 22 quarter units) of coursework that provides extended study of the subject. These two requirements are elaborated in Preconditions 2 and 3.

(2) The core (breadth) of the program shall include coursework in (or directly related to) subjects that are commonly taught in departmentalized classes of business and related subjects in the California public schools, including accounting and finance, business communications, business law, business management, computer applications and information technology, economics, entrepreneurship, and marketing.

(3) Extended studies in the program (breadth, depth, perspective, concentrations) shall be designed to supplement the essential core of the program.

In addition to describing how a program meets each standard of program quality in this handbook, the program document by an institution shall include the course titles, unit designations, catalog descriptions and syllabi of all courses in the program that are used to meet the standards. Program documents must include a matrix that identifies which courses meet which standards.

Institutions may determine whether the standards are addressed through one or more courses for each commonly taught subject or courses offering integrated study of these subjects. Institutions may also define the program in terms of required or elective coursework. However, elective options must all meet the standards. Coursework offered by any appropriate department(s) of a regionally accredited institution may satisfy the preconditions and standards in this handbook. Programs may use general education courses in meeting the standards.
2. Standards of Quality and Effectiveness for the Subject Matter Program in Business

a. Standards Common to All Single Subject Matter Preparation Programs

**Standard 1: Program Design**

Subject matter programs are based on an explicit statement expressing the purpose, design, and expected outcomes of the program. The program curriculum builds on the K-12 State-adopted academic content standards, with student outcomes and assessments aligned to the subject matter requirements. The program provides prospective teachers with conceptual knowledge of the subject matter, develops academic literacy and discipline-based fluency, addresses issues of equity and diversity, and exposes prospective teachers to a variety of learning experiences appropriate for the discipline.

**Standard 2: Program Resources and Support**

The program sponsor allocates resources to support effective program coordination, which includes advising students, facilitating collaboration among stakeholders, and overseeing program review. Ongoing review processes use assessments of the prospective teachers and a variety of data such as input from stakeholders and other appropriate measurements for review and evaluation of the subject matter program.
B. Program Standards for Business

Standard 3: Business Management
The program requires preparation in the study of business management functions; organizational theory and development; leadership; and motivational concepts. The program addresses the legal and ethical principles as well as the U.S. legal system pertaining to business. Candidates use principles and methods of decision making and mathematical operations leading to quantitative and qualitative analysis. Candidates study the principles of production and operations management in the program. Program course work includes the principles of human resource management and candidates are able to effectively employ personnel policies, practices, and resources.

The following statements no longer require a direct response but should be used for guidance in responding to the standards directly. Each statement of the standard should be responded to instead, by providing a brief description, a few examples and evidence citations for how the program meets the standard. Please limit the total response to the standard to 1-2 pages.

- The program includes the study of management functions and decision making.
- Course work includes instruction in organizational behavior and theory.
- The program conveys clearly ethical and social responsibility as it pertains to business operational situations.
- Course work incorporates the study of laws and regulations as well as differentiates between ethical and legal issues related to social responsibility and business management.
- The program includes instruction in production and operations management relevant to business operations and social dynamics in the workplace.
- Candidates are required to know human resource management skills and how those skills contribute to the growth and development of the workforce.
Standard 4: Accounting and Finance

The program includes knowledge and application of accounting concepts, principles, procedures, and financial analysis. The program requires study of the basic principles of finance to analyze and manage business and personal situations.

The following statements no longer require a direct response but should be used for guidance in responding to the standards directly. Each statement of the standard should be responded to instead, by providing a brief description, a few examples and evidence citations for how the program meets the standard. Please limit the total response to the standard to 1-2 pages.

- The program requires candidates to use the procedures for processing accounting data (e.g., analysis of source documents, procedures for journalizing, and posting transactions to ledgers, creating financial statements, performing adjusting and closing entries)

- Candidates are required to prepare, analyze, interpret, and communicate financial information including statements, budgets, records, and ratios.

- Program studies include cash management concepts.

- Course work includes the utilization of computerized accounting packages and other financial software applications.
Standard 5: Marketing
The program prepares candidates to apply key marketing principles and concepts including but not limited to customer service, selling, promotion, and distribution in both domestic and international markets.

The following statements no longer require a direct response but should be used for guidance in responding to the standards directly. Each statement of the standard should be responded to instead, by providing a brief description, a few examples and evidence citations for how the program meets the standard. Please limit the total response to the standard to 1-2 pages.

- Program studies include the principles and procedures for developing a marketing plan and applying marketing strategies and concepts to a variety of business situations.
- The program provides instruction in the principles of market segmentation, target marketing, and positioning are used in conducting market research and related business decisions.
- The course of study incorporates principles of the five P’s (product, price, promotion, place/distribution, and people) to make marketing decisions, including the influence of emerging technologies.
- The program addresses the differences in marketing concepts in a variety of industries.
- Program studies include cultural differences in language, values, social behavior, and business protocol can affect market strategies and concepts, customer service, sales, and promotion.
- Course work includes appropriate mathematical procedures to analyze and solve business problems related to marketing (e.g., purchasing, sales, and promotion).
- Candidates are required to study the nature, importance, strategies, and steps of the selling process including customer-buying motives and behaviors.
- Program studies require the analysis of factors affecting customer satisfaction and service options that are appropriate for selected types of businesses and their target markets.
- Program studies require the analysis of factors that affect global marketing.
Standard 6: Information Technology (Computer/Information Systems)
The program requires knowledge of terminology, principles and procedures related to the ethical use of information technology. Candidates are prepared to apply principles and procedures related to applications, networking systems, and basic concepts of programming and systems development in business situations.

The following statements no longer require a direct response but should be used for guidance in responding to the standards directly. Each statement of the standard should be responded to instead, by providing a brief description, a few examples and evidence citations for how the program meets the standard. Please limit the total response to the standard to 1-2 pages.

- The program provides instruction and application of concepts and resources to configure computer components in order to operate systems and associated utilities to benefit a business organization.
- The course work includes principles and procedures of managing information and media systems.
- The program addresses ethical procedures related to information technology including analysis and application of basic security plans and procedures for managing privacy issues.
- The program provides instruction in networking concepts, systems, and business models necessary to apply principles and procedures related to voice and data transmission media types and emerging technology trends.
- Candidates are required to compare and contrast programming languages.
- Candidates in the program use and customize software in business applications.
Standard 7: Economics
The program instructs candidates in the basic economic principles as they apply to microeconomic and macroeconomic theories and principles in domestic and international economies.

The following statements no longer require a direct response but should be used for guidance in responding to the standards directly. Each statement of the standard should be responded to instead, by providing a brief description, a few examples and evidence citations for how the program meets the standard. Please limit the total response to the standard to 1-2 pages.

• Program courses instruct candidates in the basic terminology, concepts, theories, and chart/graph interpretation related to market, product, and domestic and international economics.

• The program studies include the principles of supply and demand, price, profits, equilibrium and incentives in product markets and varying business situations.

• Course work includes the study of characteristics of different microeconomic structures and requires candidates to apply factors and concepts as related to a business organization.

• Candidates receive instruction on the four input factors of production and their costs.

• Candidates are required to compare and contrast different economic systems and philosophies and recognize how differences in culture, language, values and social behavior affect the ethical conduct of business across domestic and international borders.

• The course work includes instruction and application of a variety of macroeconomic indicators.

• Program studies incorporate the principles associated with money and banking.

• Candidates are required to study and evaluate the effects of fiscal and monetary policy on the U.S. economy and international trade.

• The program provides instruction on aggregate supply and demand.

• Course work includes analysis of the influence of government on business decisions.

• Candidates receive instruction on international currency markets including foreign exchange and monetary exchange rates.
Standard 8: Business Environment and Communication

The program requires study of the global business environment and an understanding of the importance of business communication. The program promotes an understanding of the principles and procedures of business ownership and the unique contributions of entrepreneurs. The program addresses principles of career development and develops employment skills in candidates.

The following statements no longer require a direct response but should be used for guidance in responding to the standards directly. Each statement of the standard should be responded to instead, by providing a brief description, a few examples and evidence citations for how the program meets the standard. Please limit the total response to the standard to 1-2 pages.

- The course of study includes the effects of cultural, organizational, technological, and behavioral characteristics on the selection of communication strategies and methods.

- Candidates are required to select and use current and emerging technologies to produce documents and presentations that meet professional business standards.

- The program promotes in candidates effective verbal and nonverbal communication skills.

- Candidates are required to develop a business plan including location analysis, financial planning, products and/or services, operations management, human resource management, and marketing.

- Program studies include identifying the characteristics of successful entrepreneurs and evaluating the advantages and disadvantages of various types of business ownership.

- The program provides candidates with knowledge on career opportunities and employment skills needed to be productive in the workforce.
c. Subject Matter Requirements for Prospective Teachers of Business

(1.) Introduction

Subject matter requirements represent the body of knowledge, skills and abilities expected of teachers of business in the public schools. The subject matter requirements form the basis for both program standards and examination specifications for business.

(2.) Content Domains for Subject Matter Knowledge and Skills in Business

Domain 1. Business Management
Candidates demonstrate an understanding of the purpose and function of business management. Candidates understand the functions of management, organizational theory, and organizational behavior, including leadership and motivational theories. Candidates explain the importance and implications of ethical and legal behavior. They apply effective processes and procedures for making sound business decisions. They understand the basic principles and procedures required to manage service, trade, manufacturing, nonprofit, and public organizations. Candidates understand the role of managing human resources in successful business organizations.

1.1 Management Functions and Decision Making
a. Define and explain the five major management functions (i.e., goal setting, planning, organizing, leading, and controlling).
b. Understand planning and problem-solving processes within an organization and explain how competition affects these processes in formulating strategy and policy.
c. Understand major functions of an organization (e.g., accounting, marketing, operations, finance, human resources, research and development, information systems) and describe their roles and interrelationships within the organization.
d. Identify principles and methods for managing change, incorporating innovation, and using decision-making processes in business organizations.
e. Interpret quantitative and qualitative business information (e.g., charts, graphs, spreadsheets, articles, manuals, technical consumer and workplace documents).
f. Apply basic mathematical operations and define quantitative analysis and methods to facilitate decision making (e.g., dependent and independent variable analysis, estimation, forecasting, descriptive and inferential statistics, quality control methods).

1.2 Organizational Behavior and Theory
a. Demonstrate an understanding of leadership and motivational theories, styles, and qualities that foster effective leadership and positive team dynamics.
b. Understand the interrelationships among group and individual behaviors and the culture and climate of an organization.
c. Understand principles of organizational theory and compare and contrast different organizational structures.
1.3 Ethical and Social Responsibility
a. Understand procedures for developing a code of ethics and apply ethical codes to various business situations.
b. Analyze factors that affect ethical conduct and their implications in business decision making.
c. Identify and analyze issues related to ethical and social responsibility in the global marketplace.
d. Understand the social responsibilities of business organizations and the function of management in making decisions related to social responsibilities.

1.4 Business Law
a. Understand the history, sources, structure, and operations of the U.S. legal system and the basic principles of law relevant to business operations in a global economy.
b. Demonstrate an understanding of laws, regulations, and codes related to business (e.g., enforceable contracts, personal and real property, antitrust, uniform commercial code).
c. Apply knowledge of laws and regulations in various situations and explain their effect on business.
d. Recognize and differentiate between ethical and legal issues related to business.

1.5 Production and Operations Management
a. Understand the processes by which resources such as labor and raw materials are converted into finished goods and services.
b. Understand components of successful business operations (e.g., quality control, planning, resource scheduling, inventory management).
c. Explain the importance of productivity in business and identify factors that affect profitability (e.g., specialization, innovation, investment, technology).
d. Identify the interrelationships between business operations and the social dynamics of the workplace.

1.6 Human Resource Management
a. Understand and describe methods an organization can use to effectively manage its personnel policies, practices, and resources.
b. Understand and apply methods of employee recruitment and selection, development and training, performance documentation, evaluation, and termination of employment.
c. Demonstrate a basic understanding of the issues arising from legislation (e.g., Americans with Disabilities Act, Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, Family and Medical Leave Act) related to human resource management.
d. Understand regulations and apply procedures related to health and safety practices and policies.

Domain 2. Accounting and Finance
Candidates demonstrate an understanding of financial analysis and accounting concepts, principles, and procedures. Candidates analyze, apply, interpret, and communicate financial data. They understand how to make decisions using accounting data. Candidates use principles of finance to analyze business situations and apply basic principles of personal financial management.

2.1 Accounting Principles
a. Understand the basic theory of accounting (e.g., accounting equation, classification and matching, historical cost) as it relates to the accounting cycle for a sole proprietorship, partnership, and corporation.

b. Identify components of the accounting cycle (e.g., analysis of source documents, procedures for journalizing and posting transactions to ledgers, creating financial statements, performing adjusting and closing entries).

c. Understand and apply specific accounting principles related to recognition and measurement for reporting financial performance, financial position, and cash flows (e.g., cash management, receivables and payables, inventory, investments, non-concurrent assets and liabilities, owner's equity, foreign currency).

d. Recognize the uses of computerized accounting packages and other financial software applications.

e. Interpret, prepare, and use financial accounting data to make ethical business decisions.

2.2 Principles of Finance
a. Understand basic financial analysis terminology (e.g., time value of money, interest rates, risk).

b. Apply financial analysis principles to common business situations and problems.

c. Interpret and communicate financial data in a business.

2.3 Personal Finance
a. Understand principles and procedures for personal financial management (e.g., budgeting, saving, personal income tax, investing, retirement planning, personal banking).

b. Apply consumer skills in evaluating the purchase of various consumer products (e.g., house, automobile).

c. Understand financial and investment options offered by banks, credit unions, and other financial institutions.

d. Describe how income from employment is affected by various factors (e.g., supply and demand, geographical location, level of education, type of industry, union membership, productivity, skill level, work ethic).

e. Understand principles and factors that affect credit and personal debt management (e.g., choice of credit, cost of credit, legal aspects of using credit).

Domain 3. Marketing
Candidates demonstrate an understanding of marketing principles and how to use marketing strategies to improve product and service sales. Candidates recognize the customer-oriented nature of marketing and analyze the impact of marketing activities on the individual, business, society, and the global economy. They understand the role of distribution in providing products and services to consumers. Candidates understand how customer service and promotion affect sales. Candidates understand how emerging technologies influence e-commerce and global trade.

3.1 Marketing Strategy and Concepts
a. Understand principles and procedures for developing a marketing plan and apply marketing strategies to a variety of business situations and industries.
b. Describe how the principles of market segmentation, target marketing, and positioning are used in conducting market research and related business decisions.
c. Understand and apply principles of the five Ps (i.e., product, price, promotion, place/distribution, and people) to make marketing decisions while recognizing the influence of emerging technologies.
d. Recognize how cultural differences in language, values, social behavior, and business protocol can affect market strategies and concepts.
e. Identify emerging media technology trends and their impact on marketing strategies.
f. Apply appropriate mathematical procedures to analyze and solve business problems related to marketing (e.g., purchasing, sales, promotions).

3.2 Customer Service, Sales, and Promotion
a. Understand the nature, importance, strategies, and steps of the selling process.
b. Understand customer buying motives and behaviors and their relationship to the decision making process involved in selling.
c. Understand factors affecting customer satisfaction and customer service options that are appropriate for selected types of businesses and their target markets.
d. Apply promotional strategies for marketing products and services.
e. Understand the different tools in the promotional mix (e.g., advertising, personal selling, sales promotion, public relations).
f. Recognize how cultural differences in language, values, social behavior, and business protocol can affect customer service, sales, and promotion.

3.3 Global Marketing
a. Identify political, economic, geographical, and commercial factors in global markets.
b. Recognize how cultural differences in language, values, social behavior, and business protocol can affect market behavior and marketing strategies.
c. Identify factors that affect global marketing (e.g., global alliances, balance of trade, logistics, market entry, marketing mix, trade barriers).

Domain 4. Information Technology
Candidates demonstrate an understanding of the terminology, principles, and procedures related to information technology. Candidates understand principles and procedures related to ethics, security, and data integrity in technology systems. They understand communications and networking systems and apply basic concepts of programming and systems development in business situations.

4.1 Computer Technology
a. Understand terminology and concepts related to computer technology (e.g., operating system, hardware and software compatibility, drivers).
b. Understand the process of evaluating, selecting, installing, and configuring computer components, peripherals, operating systems, and industry-standard application software.
c. Utilize operating systems and associated utilities for file management, backup and recovery, and execution of programs; and compare simple and multi-user operating systems.
d. Understand basic procedures for troubleshooting problems in hardware, software, and network systems.
e. Understand the impact of information on society (e.g., changes at home and in the workplace).

4.2 Information and Media Systems
a. Understand principles and procedures necessary to analyze, plan, implement, and support information and media systems.
b. Understand and apply factors affecting the ongoing management of information and media systems.

4.3 Ethics, Security, and Data Integrity
a. Understand proper ethical procedures related to information technology, including management of intellectual property.
b. Understand methods for implementing basic security plans and procedures for information systems.
c. Understand policies for managing privacy and ethical issues to ensure the integrity and accuracy of electronic data in organizations and in a technology-based society.

4.4 Network Communications
a. Understand the basic networking concepts, systems, and business models related to the creation, installation, management, and security of a network system.
b. Understand voice and data transmission media and emerging technology trends.

4.5 Programming
a. Understand programming logic, concepts, methodology, and design (e.g., interface, code, execution, test, debugging).
b. Understand how to use and customize software in business applications (e.g., word processing, spreadsheet, database, Web page editor).
c. Compare several programming languages and identify characteristics of structured programs in at least one language.
Domain 5. Economics
Candidates demonstrate an understanding of basic economic principles. Candidates understand the basic principles and applications of microeconomics and macroeconomics and recognize how economic concepts affect business in domestic and international economies.

5.1 Economic Concepts
a. Understand basic terminology, concepts, and theories related to domestic and international economics (e.g., opportunity costs, allocation of resources, scarcity, choice, circular flow, production possibilities curve).
b. Interpret economic charts and graphs.

5.2 Microeconomics
a. Apply principles of supply and demand, price, profits, and incentives in product markets.
b. Identify and understand characteristics of different economic structures (e.g., perfect competition, monopolistic competition, oligopoly, monopoly).
c. Understand and apply economic factors and concepts (e.g., law of diminishing returns, costs, competition, efficiency, profit maximization, productivity) as they relate to a business organization.
d. Understand the four input factors of production (i.e., land, labor, capital, and entrepreneurial ability) and their costs.

5.3 Macroeconomics
a. Compare and contrast different economic systems and philosophies (e.g., capitalism, socialism, communism).
b. Understand the significance of a variety of economic indicators (e.g., domestic output, unemployment, inflation, deflation).
c. Understand principles associated with money and banking (e.g., concepts of money, money supply, financial institutions, the role of the Federal Reserve).
d. Understand and evaluate the effects of fiscal and monetary policy on the U.S. economy and international trade.
e. Understand aggregate supply and demand.
f. Understand the influence of government (e.g., taxation, regulation, public vs. private goods, externalities) on business decisions.

5.4 International Economics
a. Understand factors affecting international trade (e.g., trade agreements, trade barriers—quotas and tariffs) and the relationship of international trade to domestic and international economics.
b. Recognize the role of international currency markets, including foreign exchange and monetary exchange rates.
c. Recognize how differences in culture, language, values, and social behavior affect the ethical conduct of business across national borders.
Domain 6. Business Environment and Communication
Candidates demonstrate an understanding of the business environment. Candidates understand the principles and procedures of business ownership. They understand the role of communications in a business environment. Candidates are familiar with different career paths and opportunities to develop career and employment skills. Candidates have an understanding of international business.

6.1 Entrepreneurship
a. Understand principles and procedures related to business ownership (e.g., sole proprietorship, limited partnership, franchise, corporation).

b. Identify and appraise the unique contributions of entrepreneurs to the U.S. economy.

c. Recognize the characteristics of entrepreneurs and evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of various types of business ownership.

d. Understand how to create a business plan and understand the processes necessary to operate a start-up business (e.g., business planning, financial planning, location analysis, marketing, operations management, human resource management, public relations, seeking government assistance) within the legal and economic environment in which a new venture operates.

6.2 Business Communications
a. Compare and contrast appropriate types of communication (e.g., telephone, electronic, inter-office, written, verbal, nonverbal) and demonstrate an understanding of etiquette in personal and professional situations.

b. Demonstrate an understanding of active listening techniques in a variety of settings.

c. Understand the effects of cultural, organizational, technological, and behavioral characteristics on the selection of communication strategies and methods.

d. Compose effective oral and written business communications that demonstrate English language conventions and the use of critical-thinking, decision-making, and problem solving skills.

e. Demonstrate an understanding of software applications used to produce documents and presentations (e.g., word processing, desktop publishing, database, spreadsheet, multimedia, presentation software).

f. Identify basic inputting technology and keyboarding skills used to access, generate, format, and manipulate text and data.

6.3 Career Development
a. Understand employment skills necessary to be productive in a workforce in a culturally diverse global environment (e.g., ability to adapt to change, positive attitude, teamwork skills, ability to manage time effectively, good work ethic).
b. Understand career preparation principles to help set career goals and examine interests and aptitudes related to career options.

c. Demonstrate knowledge of career opportunities (traditional and nontraditional) and the education, training, and experience required for various careers.

d. Demonstrate knowledge of job acquisition skills (e.g., job search methods, interviewing techniques, appropriate professional image, occupational networking, résumé and career portfolio development, correspondence).

6.4 International Business

a. Understand the importance of international business and its influence on careers and businesses at the local, state, national, and international levels.

b. Recognize international business activities, including operating strategies for business functions (e.g., human resource management, management, production systems, marketing, information systems).

c. Describe the social, cultural, political, geographical, and legal factors that shape the international business environment and influence international business communications and decision making (e.g., entry strategies, business opportunities, operating and security considerations).

(3.) Subject Matter Abilities Applicable to the Content Domains in Business

Candidates understand and are able to effectively communicate the central role that business plays in the lives of all individuals. They understand the skills, attitudes, and knowledge that students need to compete and succeed in a rapidly changing global marketplace. Candidates apply critical thinking and creativity to investigate and solve business-related problems. They understand how to collect and analyze business information, make business decisions, and implement those decisions by communicating and interacting effectively in a diverse workplace.

Candidates understand the organizational, team, leadership, and communication skills needed to work effectively with business and community leaders. They understand the fundamentals of supervising, advising, and supporting people. Candidates understand the characteristics, functions, and organizational structures of leadership organizations. They are able to effectively network in individual and group settings in educational institutions, the community, and industry. Candidates understand the need to include all stakeholders and are able to respond to issues related to diversity and equity in business.

Candidates understand historical events, current research, and recent developments in business. They are familiar with social, economic, legal, and ethical issues in the field. They apply strategies (e.g., accessing resources, joining professional organizations) for staying abreast of current issues and developments in business. They are able to identify industry trends and job opportunities, employers' expectations, and the personal characteristics (e.g., appropriate work habits, social and communication skills) necessary for a successful career in business. They apply their knowledge to assist in career planning and development and in applying for, obtaining, maintaining, and exiting employment in business and related fields.

Candidates understand the interrelationships and connections among the various subdisciplines of business and the integration of business and other disciplines commonly taught in public schools. They understand the importance of technology, reading, writing, mathematics, speaking, and active listening skills and how to apply this knowledge in a variety of business situations.
Part 3: Implementation of Standards of Quality and Effectiveness for Subject Matter Programs in Business

A. Standards Implementation Process

The 2006 Standards of Quality and Effectiveness for Subject Matter Programs in Business are part of a broad shift in Commission policies related to the preparation of professional teachers and other California educators resulting from the mandate of Senate Bill 2042 (Chap 548, Stats. 1998). This policy change insures high quality in educator preparation while at the same time providing for flexibility along with accountability for institutions that offer programs for prospective teachers. The success of this reform effort depends on the effective implementation of program quality standards for each credential.

1. Process for Cyclical Review and Improvement of Subject Matter Standards

The Commission will adhere to its established cycle of review and reconsideration of the Standards of Quality and Effectiveness for Subject Matter Programs in Business as well as in other subjects. The standards will be reviewed and reconsidered in relation to changes in academic disciplines, state-adopted K-12 student academic content standards, school curricula, and the backgrounds and needs of California K-12 students. Reviews of program standards will be based on the advice of subject matter teachers, college and university faculty, and curriculum specialists. All program documents will be reviewed by statewide teams of peer reviewers selected from among qualified K–12 and postsecondary professional educators. Prior to each review, the Commission will invite interested individuals and organizations to participate in the review process.

2. Process for Adoption and Implementation of Standards

Program sponsors have at least two years to transition from the current to the new subject matter program standards. Program documents should be submitted at the sponsor’s earliest convenience to avoid a potential lapse in program approval status. Expiration dates of currently approved single subject matter programs are provided below. Each single subject matter program for single subject credentials must be submitted for review and approval in accordance with the new standards. No new programs written to the previous standards were allowed to be submitted to the Commission for approval following the September 2006 adoption of the new phase III standards.

Information about transition timelines for candidates, sunset and expiration dates for currently approved programs, and preconditions are provided by the Commission through Coded Correspondence to the field and by additional program transition documents as appropriate to the needs of the field. Program sponsors should check the Commission website (www.ctc.ca.gov) frequently for updates.

3. Transition and Implementation Timelines for Programs

a. Program Transition Timeline

By July 1, 2008, existing (“old”) programs based on previous subject matter standards should be superseded by new Commission-approved programs that have met the new standards. Once a program based on the new standards receives Commission approval, all students not previously
enrolled in the old program (i.e., all “new” students) should enroll in the new program. After June 30, 2008, no “new” students should enroll in an “old” program, even if a new Commission-approved program in the subject is not available at that institution. Students who enrolled in an old program prior to July 1, 2008, may continue to complete the old program until July 1, 2012.

b. Program Implementation Timeline

September 2006  Commission adoption of new subject matter program standards. No new subject matter programs in business will be accepted for review in relation to the Commission’s previous set of standards.

January 2007  The Commission initiates ongoing technical assistance for developing new subject matter programs to meet the new standards.

March 2007  The Commission initiates ongoing training for Program Reviewers. Qualified subject matter experts are prepared to review programs in relation to the standards.

March 2007  Review and approval of programs under the new standards begin.

2007-09  Institutions submit programs for review on an ongoing basis. Once a “new” program is approved, all students who were not previously enrolled in the “old” program (i.e., all new students) must enroll in the new program. Students may complete an old program if they enrolled in that program either (1) prior to the commencement of the new program at their campus, or (2) prior to July 1, 2008, whichever occurs first.

July 1, 2008  “Old” programs that are based on the previous 1998 standards must be superseded by new programs that have obtained Commission approval. After June 30, 2008, no new students may enroll in an old program, even if a new program is not yet available at the institution.

2007-12  The Commission continues to review program applications submitted in response to the standards and preconditions provided in this handbook. Programs submitting an application for review should provide the Commission with two qualified nominees who can serve as reviewers of other institutions’ program applications in order to expedite the review process.

July 1, 2012  This is the final date for candidates to complete subject matter preparation programs approved under the previous 1998 standards. To qualify for a credential based on an “old” program, students must have completed that program prior to either (1) the implementation of a new program with full or interim approval at their institution, or (2) July 1, 2012, whichever occurs first.

c. Implementation Timelines for Candidates

Based on the Commission's implementation plan, candidates for Single Subject Credentials in Business who do not plan to pass the subject matter examinations adopted by the Commission

Business Teacher Preparation in California: Standards of Quality and Effectiveness for Subject Matter Programs, 2006
should enroll in subject matter programs that meet the Commission’s 2006 standards either (1) once a new program commences at their institution, or (2) before July 1, 2008, whichever occurs first. After a new program begins at an institution, no students may enroll for the first time in an “old” program (i.e. one approved under the previous set of standards). Regardless of the date when new programs are implemented, no students should enter old programs after June 30, 2008.

Candidates who enrolled in programs approved on the basis of prior standards (“old” programs) may complete those programs provided that (1) they entered the old programs either before new programs were available at their institutions, or before July 1, 2008, and (2) they complete the old programs before July 1, 2012. Candidates who do not comply with these timelines may qualify for Single Subject Teaching Credentials by passing the subject matter examinations that have been adopted for that purpose by the Commission.

4. Technical Assistance for Program Sponsors
Commission staff offers technical assistance for developing new programs and documents upon request by the sponsor of a preparation program. Program sponsors who are writing to new standards are advised to schedule a technical assistance meeting with staff at the earliest possible time. Topics of information at technical assistance meetings include:

- Explanation of the implementation plan adopted by the Commission
- Description of the steps in program review and approval
- Review of program standards and preconditions, as well as examples of implementing the standards
- Opportunities to discuss subject-specific questions
- Guidance on appropriate responses to the standards and the necessary level of supporting documentation and evidence to be provided within the responses
- Format and organization of the program document

5. Process for Review and Approval of Program Documents Submitted to the Commission
A regionally accredited institution of postsecondary education that would like to offer (or continue to offer) a subject matter preparation program for the Single Subject Credential in Business may present a program application that responds to the preconditions and the standards provided in this handbook. The submission of programs for review and approval is voluntary for colleges and universities.

If an institution would like to offer two or more distinct programs of subject matter preparation in business with different emphases, a separate application may be forwarded to the Commission for each program. However, the Commission encourages institutions to coordinate its single subject programs that are within the same subject matter discipline in order to maximize resources.

Programs may be submitted after January 2007 on an ongoing basis. Review of subject matter program proposals began in March 2007 and continues on an ongoing basis.

a. Selection, Composition and Training of Program Document Review Panels
Review panel members are selected because of their subject matter expertise and their knowledge of curriculum and instruction in the public schools of California. Reviewers are
selected from institutions of higher education, school districts, county offices of education, organizations of subject matter experts, and statewide professional organizations. Because the review process consists of a professional peer review, the Commission needs those institutions seeking program review and approval to provide at least two qualified nominees to participate in the review process. Members of the Commission's former Single Subject Waiver Panels and Subject Matter Advisory Panels also may be selected to serve as program reviewers.

The Commission staff conducts training and calibration that all reviewers must attend. Training includes explanations of:

- the purpose and function of subject matter preparation programs.
- the Commission's legal responsibilities in program review and approval.
- the role of reviewers in making program determinations.
- the role of the Commission's professional staff in assisting reviewers.
- the analysis and discussion of each standard.
- alternative ways in which a standard could be met.
- the aspects of the review process.
- how to provide responsive feedback for program revision.

Reviewers are also provided with simulated practice and calibration exercises in preparation for their roles in reviewing programs.

b. Steps in the Review of Programs

The Commission is committed to conducting a program review process that is objective and comprehensive. The agency also seeks to be as helpful as possible to colleges and universities throughout the review process. Commission staff is available to consult with program sponsors during program document development.

The review process consists of two sequential steps, as outlined below. An institution responding to the Commission’s standards will respond to the two sets of standards described earlier in this handbook, namely, the Preconditions and the Program Standards (including Common Standards and discipline-specific Program Standards).

Step One: Review of Preconditions. An institution’s response to the preconditions is reviewed by the Commission’s professional staff since the preconditions are based on Commission policies and do not involve issues of program quality. The Preconditions are reviewed upon receipt of the institution's formal document submission. Once the responses to the Preconditions are deemed to have met these standards, the program document’s responses to the Program Standards are then referred to the expert reviewers.

Step Two: Review of Program Standards. Unlike the Preconditions, the Program Standards (i.e., Common Standards and discipline-specific Program Standards) address issues of program quality and effectiveness. The Commission’s process, therefore, is to have each institution’s response to the Program Standards reviewed by a small team of subject matter experts (i.e., peer review). Once the review team determines that a proposed program meets the Program Standards, Commission staff recommends the program for approval by the Commission at its next public meeting.
If an institution’s response to either the Preconditions or the Program Standards is determined to not meet the standards, feedback is formally provided to the program sponsor with an explanation of the review findings that includes specific reasons for the determination that the program standards are not met. During this aspect of the review process, program sponsors can obtain further information and assistance from Commission staff.

The Commission intends the overall program review process to be as helpful as possible to colleges and universities. Because a large number of institutions prepare teachers in California, it is very helpful for program sponsors to first consult with the Commission's professional staff regarding program applications that are in preparation. During the Program Standards review process, however, program sponsors and/or their representatives should not contact members of a review team directly under any circumstances in order to preserve the objectivity and integrity of the review process. If during the review process a program sponsor needs additional information, the program sponsor or representative should inform the designated staff consultant. If the issue or question is not resolved in a timely manner, program sponsors may contact the Executive Director of the Commission. After considering the review feedback, the program sponsor may make appropriate changes to the program document and resubmit the program application to the designated Commission staff member for reconsideration by the review team.

If, however, feedback from the review process indicates that only minor or technical changes need to be made in a program application in order to meet the applicable standards, Commission staff rather than the peer review team will review the resubmitted document and, if the standards are determined to have been met, will submit the program application to the Commission for approval without further review by the peer review team.

**Appeal of an Adverse Decision.** An institution that would like to appeal a decision of the staff (regarding Preconditions) or the review team (regarding Program Standards) may do so by submitting the appeal to the Executive Director of the Commission. The institution should include the following information in the appeal:

- The original program document and the stated reasons of the Commission's staff or the review team for not recommending approval of the program.

- A specific response by the institution to the initial denial, including a copy of the resubmitted document (if it has been resubmitted).

- A rationale for the appeal by the institution.

The CTC Executive Director may deny the appeal, appoint an independent review panel, or present the appeal directly to the Commission for consideration.
B. Submission Guidelines for Single Subject Matter Program Documents

To facilitate the proposal review and approval process, Commission staff has developed the following instructions for program sponsors submitting documents for approval of Single Subject Matter Programs. It is essential that these instructions be followed accurately. Failure to comply with these procedures can result in a proposal being returned to the prospective program sponsor for reformatting and/or revision prior to being forwarded to program reviewers.

1. Transmittal Instructions
Sponsoring agencies are required to submit one bound printed copy of their proposal(s), to the following address:

California Commission on Teacher Credentialing
Professional Services Division: Single Subject Matter Programs
1900 Capitol Avenue
Sacramento, CA 95814

In addition, one electronic copy of the proposal text (including supporting evidence where possible) should be submitted. This electronic submission should be in Microsoft Word, or a Microsoft Word compatible format. Some phases of the review process will involve secure web-based editing. To facilitate this process, please leave no spaces in the name of your document, and be sure that the name of the file ends in ".doc" (example: CTCdocument.doc).

2. Organization of Program Documents
Additional materials including the required Transmittal Cover Sheet are included at the end of this section. Sponsoring agencies should begin the proposal document with the Sponsoring Organization Transmittal Cover Sheet with the original signatures of the program contacts and chief executive officer along with their proposal(s). The program contacts identified on the Transmittal Cover Sheet, which is included at the end of this document, will be informed electronically and by mail as changes occur. Program sponsors are strongly urged to consult the CCTC web site at www.ctc.ca.gov for updates relating to the implementation of new single subject matter standards.

Each proposal must be organized in the following order:
- Transmittal Cover Sheet
- Table of Contents
- Responses to Preconditions, including course lists, units and descriptions
- A matrix which identifies which courses address which subject matter requirements
- One to two pages of narrative response to each Standard
The response to the standards must:

- include evidence (i.e., syllabi, course materials, program data, etc.) which supports responses to the standards. The evidence sections should be tabbed and labeled in order to assist the reviewers in finding the appropriate supporting documentation (e.g., course numbers, document names, etc.) The supporting evidence should also be cross-referenced or electronically linked within the response.
- provide page numbering on each page, preferably in the footer

3. Developing Responses to the Standards

a. Responses to the Standards Common To All
The Commission adopted 2 standards that relate to program design and structure for programs in all single subject disciplines.

| Standard 1 | Program Design |
| Standard 2 | Program Resources and Support |

An institution’s program application should include a subject-specific reply to each of the two Common Standards. These standards are met for each subject area for which approval is requested. Both of these standards require subject-specific program information in order to provide a complete picture to the reviewers.

b. Responses to the Program Standards
Program proposals should provide sufficient information about how the program intends to deliver content consistent with each standard so that a knowledgeable team of professionals can determine whether each standard has been met by the program. The goal in writing the response to any standard should be to describe the proposed program clearly enough for an outside reader to understand what a prospective teacher will experience, as he or she progresses through the program in terms of depth, breadth, and sequencing of instructional and field experiences, and what he or she will know and be able to do and demonstrate at the end of the program. Review teams will then be able to assess the responses for consistency with the standard, completeness of the response, and quality of the supporting evidence.

The written text should be organized in the same order as the standards. Responses should not merely reiterate the standard. They should describe how the standard will be met in the coursework content, requirements, and processes and by providing evidence from course syllabi or other course materials to support the explanation. Responses that do not completely address each standard will be returned for revision.

Lines of appropriate supporting evidence will vary with each standard. Some examples of supporting evidence helpful for review teams include:

- Charts and graphic organizers to illustrate program organization and design
- Course or module outlines or showing the sequence of course topics, classroom activities, materials and texts used, and out-of-class assignments

Business Teacher Preparation in California: Standards of Quality and Effectiveness for Subject Matter Programs, 2006

31
• Specific descriptions of assignments and other formative assessments that demonstrate how prospective teachers will reinforce and extend key concepts and/or demonstrate an ability or competence
• Documentation of materials to be used, including tables of contents of textbooks and identification of assignments from the texts, and citations for other reading assignments.
• Current catalog descriptions.

4. Packaging a Submission for Shipment to the Commission

Please do not:

• Use foam peanuts as packaging material
• Overstuff the binders. Use more binders if necessary. No binders larger than 3 inches will be accepted.
• Overstuff the boxes in which the binders are packed, as these may break open in shipment
Phase III Single Subject Matter Program Sponsor
Transmittal Cover Sheet
(Page 1 of 2)

• Date: ____________________________

• Sponsoring Institution: ____________________________

• Submission Type(s) Place a check mark in the appropriate box.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Program Type</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Agriculture Subject Matter Program</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>American Sign Language Subject Matter Program</td>
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<tr>
<td>Business Subject Matter Program</td>
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<td>Health Science Subject Matter Program</td>
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<tr>
<td>Home Economics Subject Matter Program</td>
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<tr>
<td>Industrial and Technology Education Subject Matter Program</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

• Program Contacts:

1. Name ______________________________________________________
   Title _____________________________________________________
   Address _________________________________________________
   _______________________________________________________

   Phone ______________________ Fax _________________________
   E-mail __________________________________________________
Phase II Single Subject Matter Program Sponsor
Transmittal Cover Sheet
(Page 2 of 2)

Name _____________________________________________________
Title ____________________________________________________________________________
Address ____________________________________________________________________________
Phone _________________________ Fax ____________________________________________________________________________
E-mail ____________________________________________________________________________

Chief Executive Officer (President or Provost; Superintendent):

Name _____________________________________________________
Address ____________________________________________________________________________
Phone _________________________ Fax ____________________________________________________________________________
E-mail ____________________________________________________________________________

I Hereby Signify My Approval to Transmit This Program Document to the California Commission on Teacher Credentialing:

CEO Signature ____________________________________________
Title ______________________________________________________
Date ____________________________________________________________________________